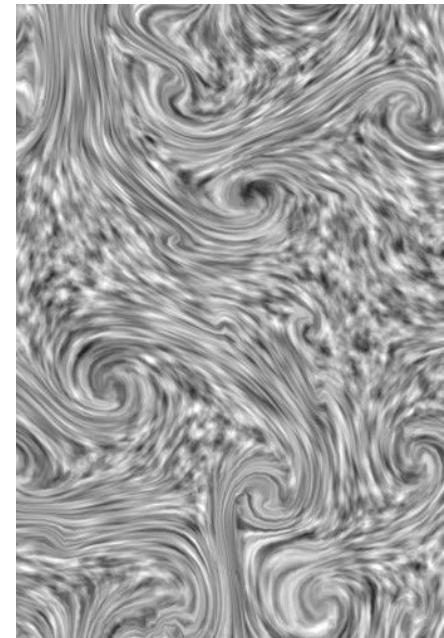
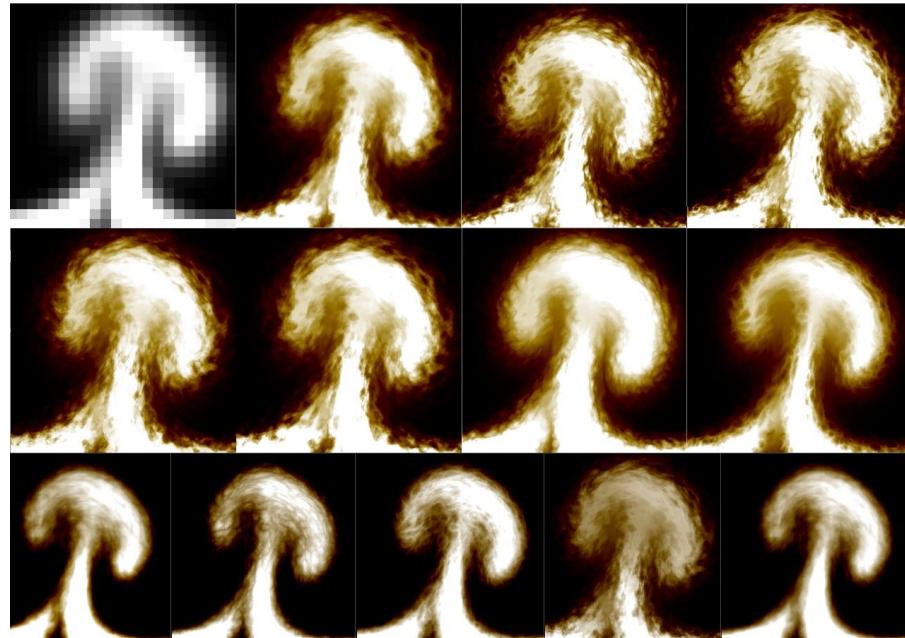


Blending, interpolating, synthesizing textures



Blend / interp: Which space is ‘linear’ ?

RGB or HLS or XYZ ? (which color space ? which gamma ?) I, E or magnitude ?

Lean: σ or σ^2 ? $interp(\sigma^2) \neq interp(\sigma)^2$ Flakes ellipsoids: Q or $\Sigma (= \frac{1}{Q})$?

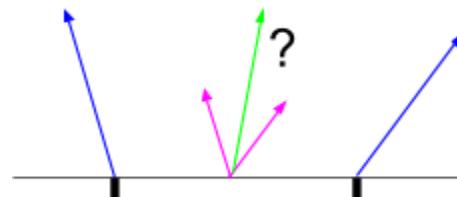
Voxels: A, T, density ?

Never: fields of (u,v), angles , phase (when wraps)

Issues: vectors

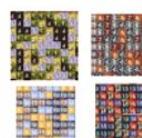
Raster or vector ? / Eulerian or Lagrangian ?

(BRDF: SH vs morphing...)

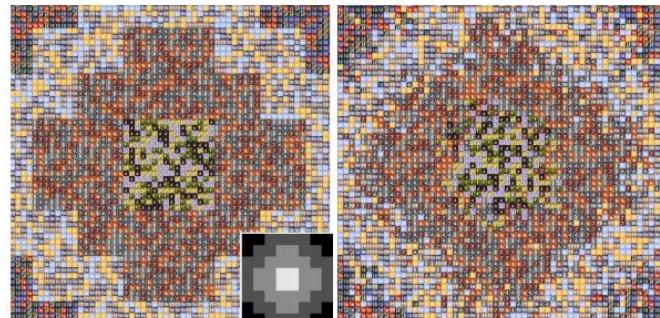


Raw data vs indirect
(high level handle):
histogram, probability...

1	2	3	4
8	9	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

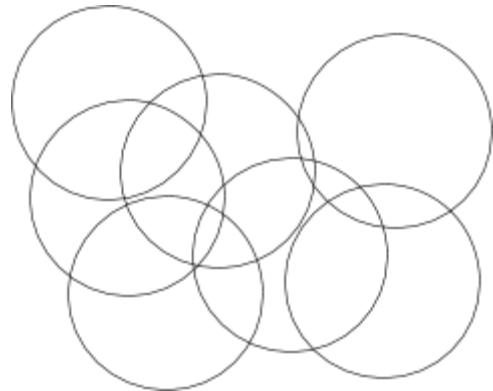


[paper]

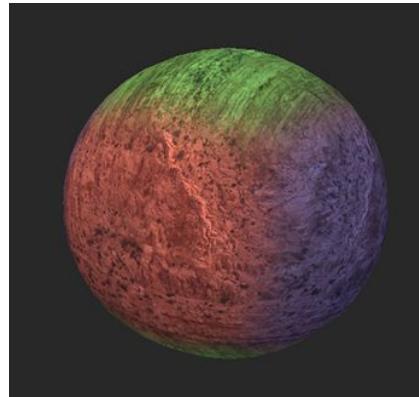


Blending / splatting sprites or layers

Sprites / splats (/ brushes)



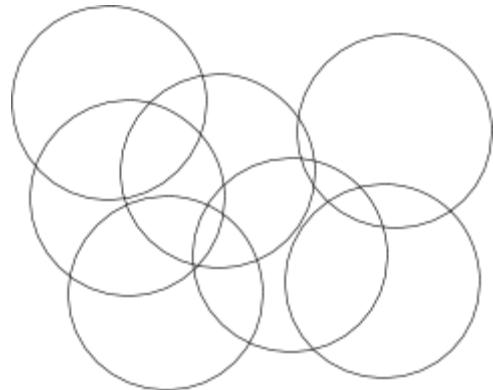
Triplanar mapping



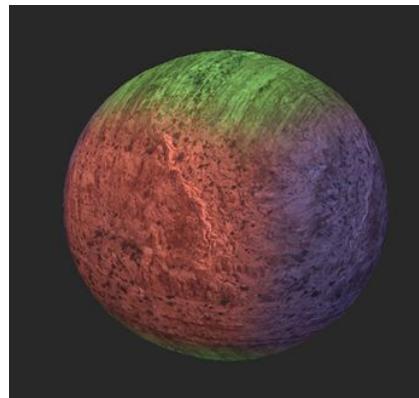
Contrast = σ .

Blending / splatting sprites or layers

Sprites / splats (/ brushes)



Triplanar mapping



Contrast = σ .

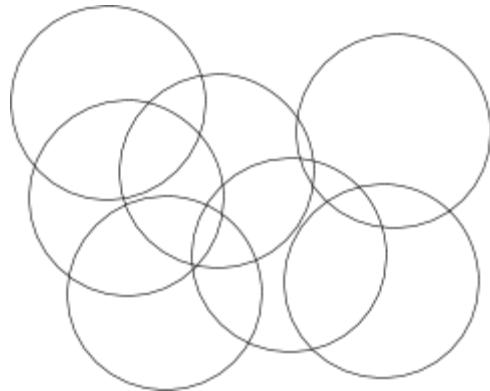
$$\sigma^2(\alpha C_0 + \bar{\alpha} C_1) = E((\alpha C_0 + \bar{\alpha} C_1)^2) - E^2(\alpha C_0 + \bar{\alpha} C_1) = \alpha^2 \sigma_0^2 + \bar{\alpha}^2 \sigma_1^2 = (\alpha^2 + \bar{\alpha}^2) \sigma^2 \neq \sigma^2$$

$$\sigma^2(\sum \alpha_i C_i) = (\sum \alpha_i^2) \sigma^2 \quad H: \text{non correlated} \quad H: \text{same stats}$$

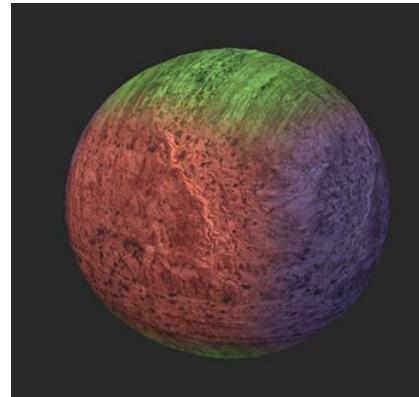
$\rightarrow \sigma(\frac{1}{N} \sum C_i) = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{N}}$ NB: is law of large number : convergence to avg. (cf path tracing :-)

Blending / splatting sprites or layers

Sprites / splats



Triplanar mapping



Contrast = σ .

$$\sigma^2(\alpha C_0 + \bar{\alpha} C_1) = E((\alpha C_0 + \bar{\alpha} C_1)^2) - E^2(\alpha C_0 + \bar{\alpha} C_1) = \alpha^2 \sigma_0^2 + \bar{\alpha}^2 \sigma_1^2 = (\alpha^2 + \bar{\alpha}^2) \sigma^2 \neq \sigma^2$$

$$\sigma^2(\sum \alpha_i C_i) = (\sum \alpha_i^2) \sigma^2 \quad H: \text{non correlated} \quad H: \text{same stats}$$

→ $\sigma(\frac{1}{N} \sum C_i) = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{N}}$ NB: is law of large number : convergence to avg. We want σ !

Solution: make blending coefs such that $\sum \alpha_i^2 = 1$

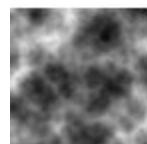
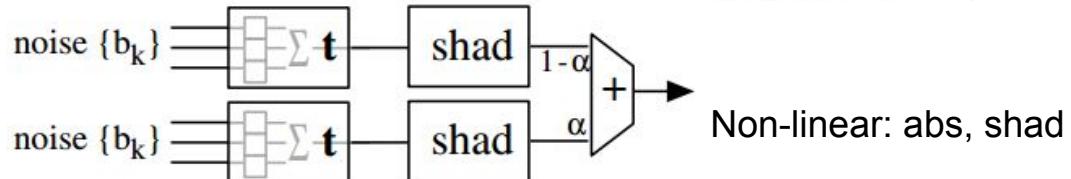
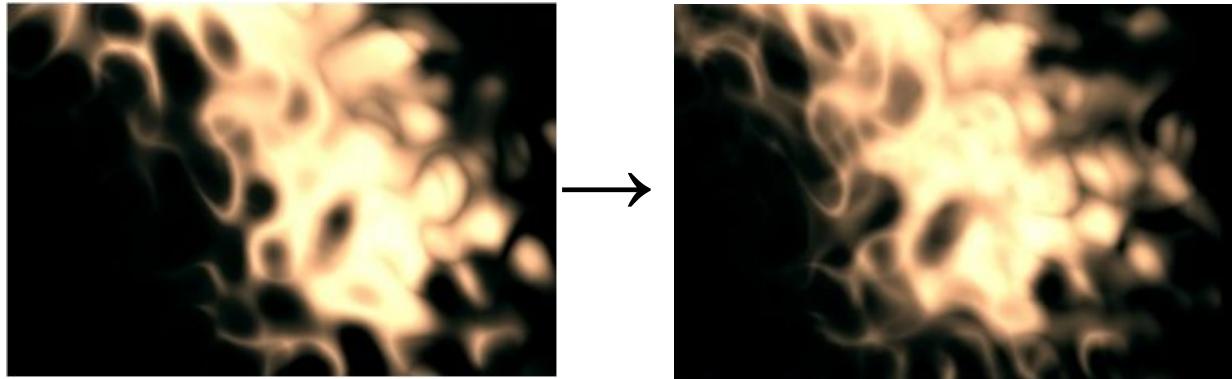
[[paper](#)]

→ simply normalized weights α_i by $\sqrt{\sum \alpha_i^2}$! (Indeed, $\bar{C} + \frac{\text{Lerp}(C_i - \bar{C})}{\sqrt{\sum \alpha_i^2}}$) [[shadertoy](#)][[2](#)]

Blending / splatting structured pattern

Procedural , non-linear transform (clamp, LUT...) : *naive blend* \rightarrow ghosting artefacts !

\sum

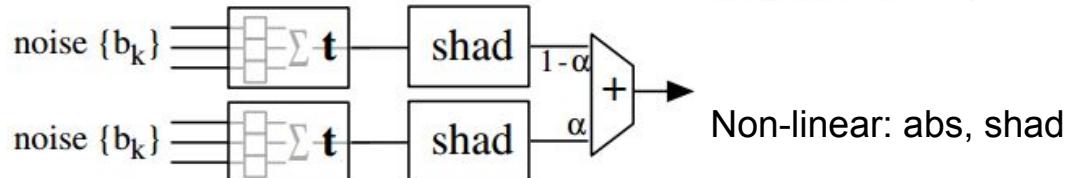
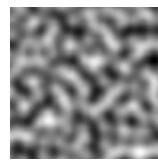
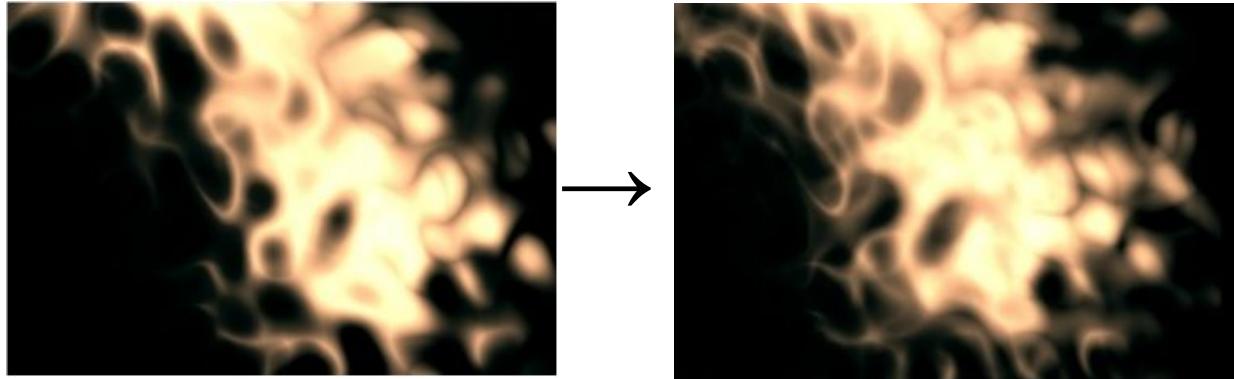


Solution between two images: morphing (disto mapping). won't apply to procedural, + issues.

Blending / splatting structured pattern

Procedural , non-linear transform (clamp, LUT...) : *naive blend* → *ghosting artefacts* !

\sum

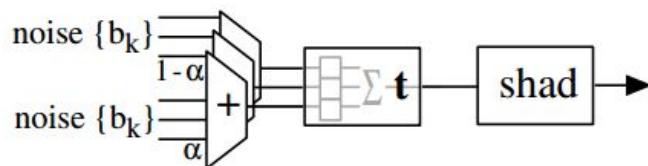


Solution: Deferred non-linear part

+ save some cost :-)

NB:

not only for procedural !

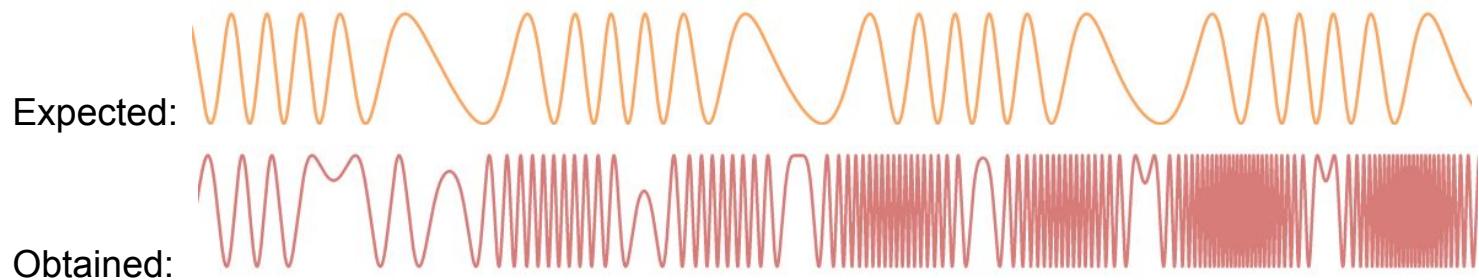


[[paper](#)]

[[shadertoy](#)] [[with advection](#)]

Space-Interpolating procedural param

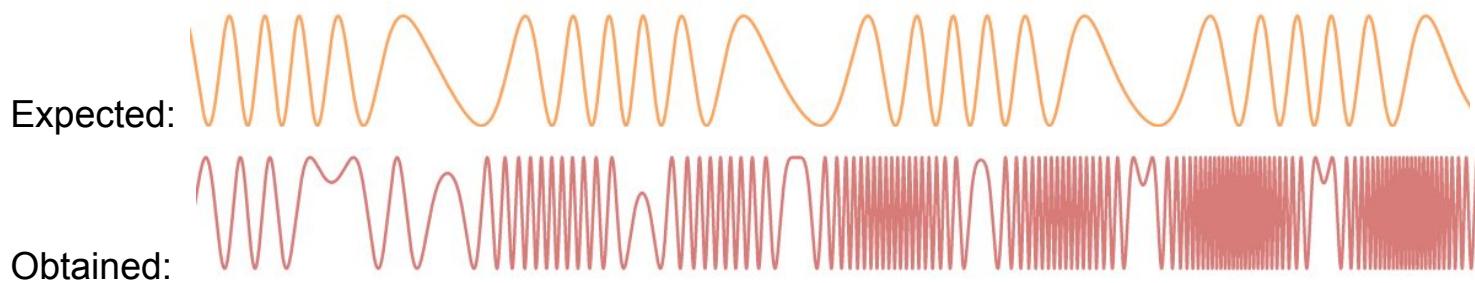
Want to modify the frequency of `noise(freq*x)` or `sin(freq*x)` along space ? or `sound(t)`
Bad idea: just replace `freq` by `freq(x)`



Space-Interpolating procedural param

Want to modify the frequency of `noise(freq*x)` or `sin(freq*x)` along space ?

Bad idea: just replace `freq` by `freq(x)`



What you want is $LUT(phase)$, with $\frac{\partial phase}{\partial x} = freq(x)$

$$\rightarrow phase = \int_0^x \frac{\partial phase}{\partial x}$$

(if `freq` is constant, it does give `phase = freq.x`)

[[shadertoy sin](#)] [[shadertoy noise](#)] [[desmos graph](#)]

Lookdev ⊥ mapping distortions

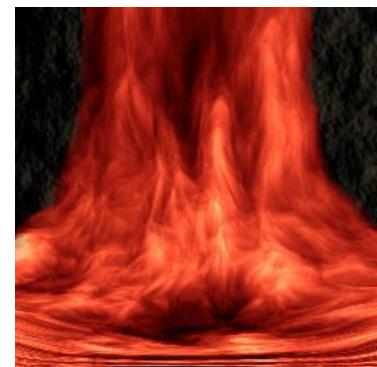
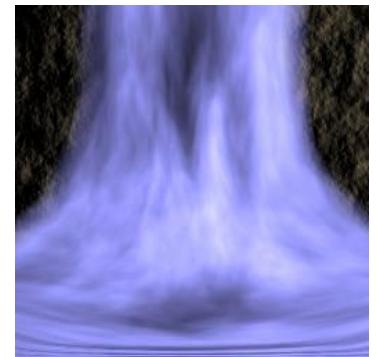
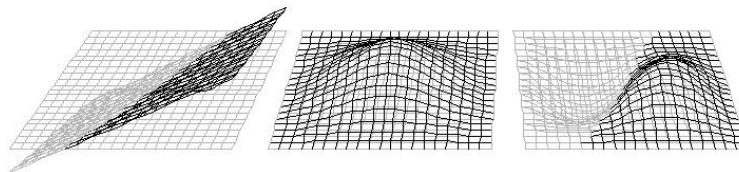
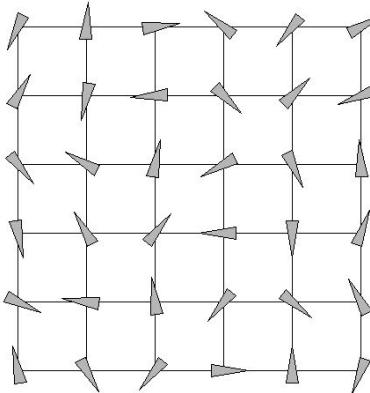
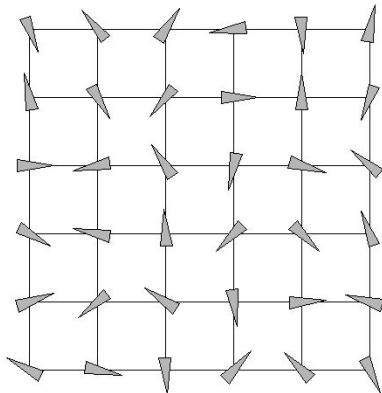
Texture advection, painterly animation... : keep the look despite distortions
Paradoxical requirements !



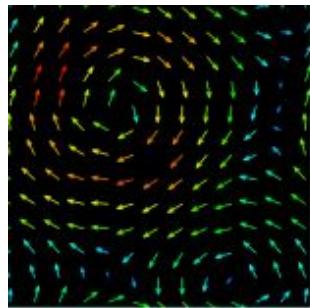
Lookdev \perp mapping distortions

Texture advection, painterly animation... : keep the look despite distortions
Paradoxical requirements !

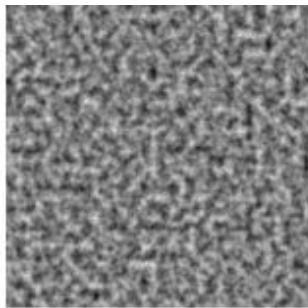
Flow noise: time \perp space [\[URL₁\]](#) [\[URL₂\]](#) [\[shadertoy\]](#)



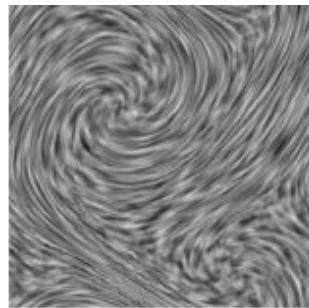
Texture advection



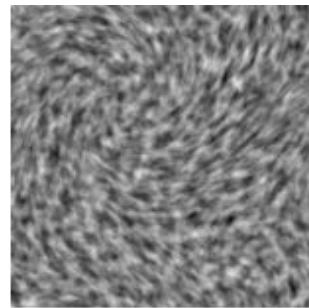
(a) Velocity field



(b) Input texture

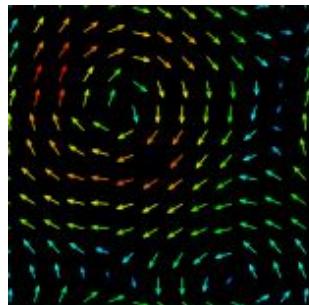


(d) Naïve algorithm

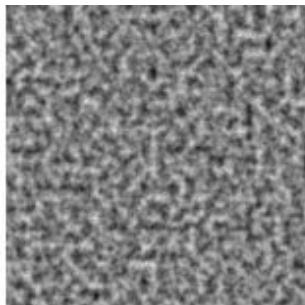


(c) Our algorithm

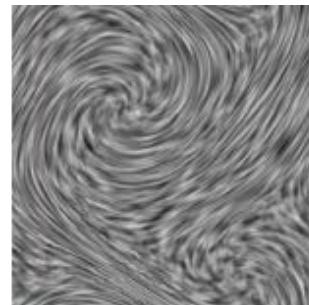
Texture advection



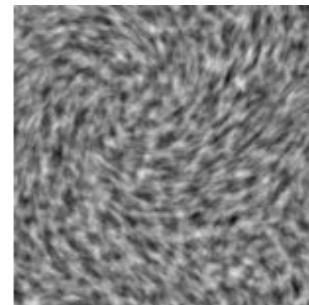
(a) Velocity field



(b) Input texture

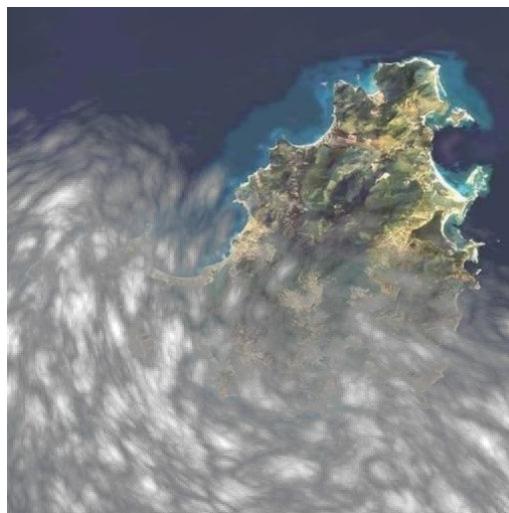


(d) Naïve algorithm

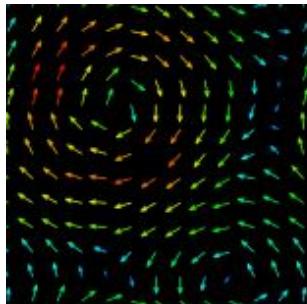


(c) Our algorithm

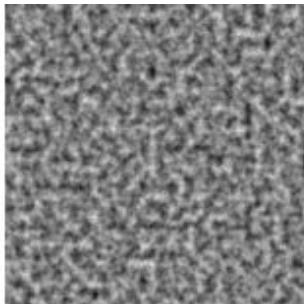
- + Procedural
- + Flownoise



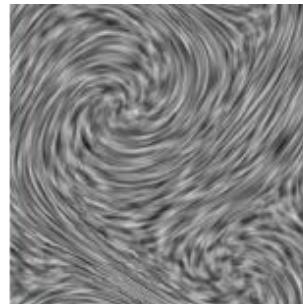
Texture advection



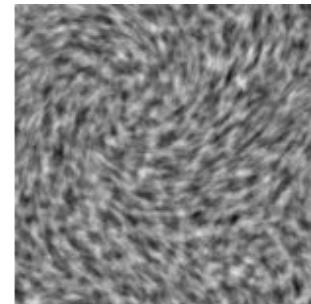
(a) Velocity field



(b) Input texture



(d) Naïve algorithm



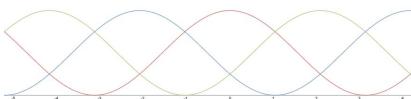
(c) Our algorithm

Idea: regeneration if disto.

Eulerian way:

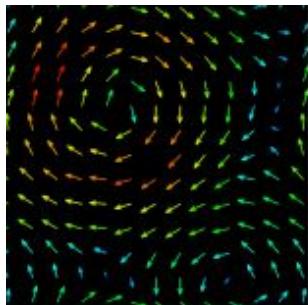
- 3-phased regenerated layer:

[[shadertoy](#)]

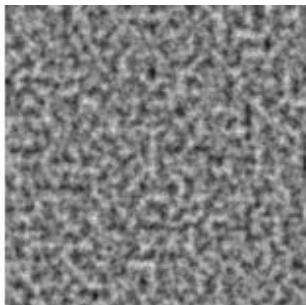


“motion without movement” illusion + contrast preservation

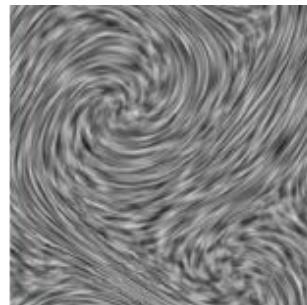
Texture advection



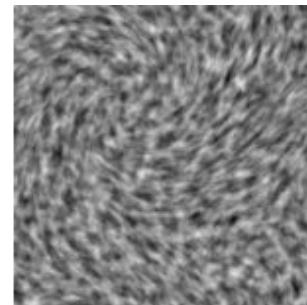
(a) Velocity field



(b) Input texture



(d) Naïve algorithm



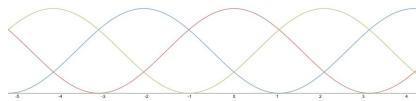
(c) Our algorithm

Idea: regeneration if disto.

Eulerian way: [papers: [Eulerian](#)]

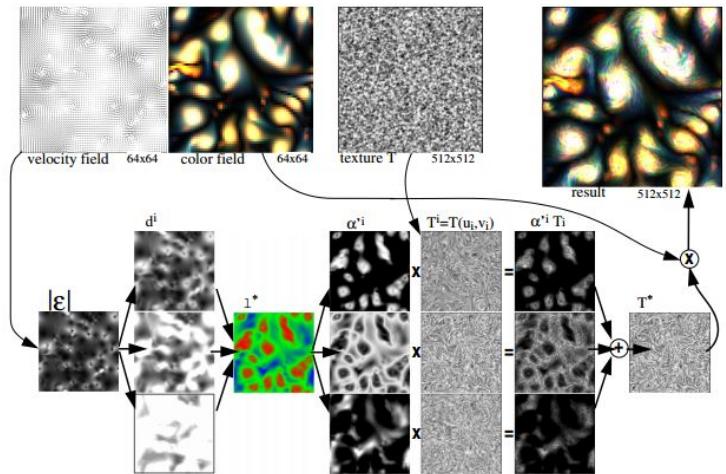
- 3-phased regenerated layer:

[[shadertoy](#)]



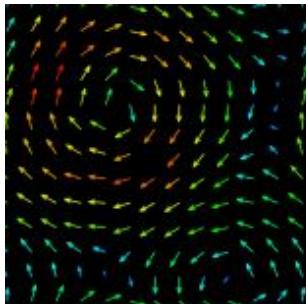
- Layers per duration ($\sim v\text{-MIPmap}$) & masks
- Variant: time bidir in optical flow.

[[video Watercolor](#)] [[paper](#)]

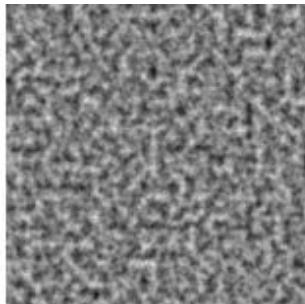


Texture advection

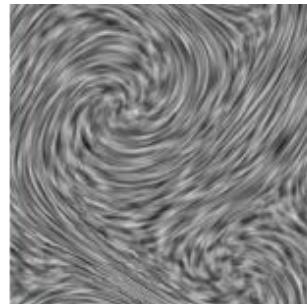
[papers: [Eulerian](#), [Lagrangian](#)]



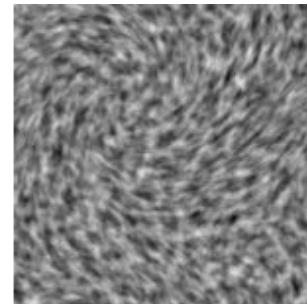
(a) Velocity field



(b) Input texture



(d) Naïve algorithm



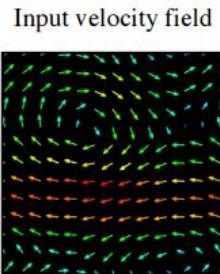
(c) Our algorithm

Idea: regeneration if disto

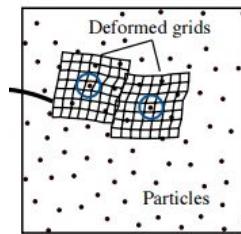
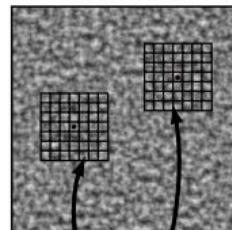
Lagrangian way:

Advect sprites

[[video](#) QY]



Input texture



Other pattern conservations

- Motion without movement : [[shadertoy](#)]
- Seamless infinite/cyclic zoom : [[shadertoy](#)]
- Perceptions of order in noise: [motion](#), [2](#), [xor](#), [symmetries](#), [correlation](#)...
- All-scale unit-integral noise: [[shadertoy](#)]

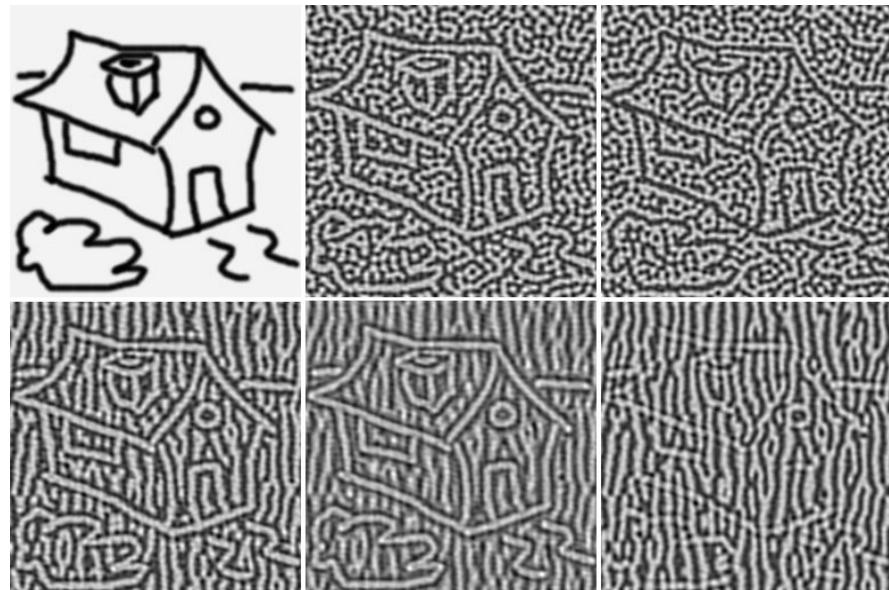
Details respect context

conserve something else

Distortion conserving the histogram : [[shadertoy](#)]

Details respect context conserve something else

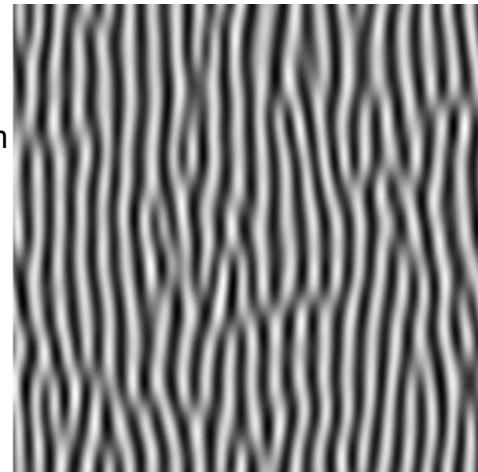
- Distortion conserving the histogram : [[shadertoy](#)]
- Influenced procedural: iterated Gabor noise renormalization



Synthesis:

1st, specification: what do we really want ?

E.g. "I want to generate this"



stochastic - wavy - Fourier vs "features" vs specific - ϕ

Fourier synthesis, Gabor, Perlin vs example-based vs RD, sym

None is good for all !

(free range vs) bounded vs target contrast ?

How to normalize Fourier, Perlin ? (but never clamp !)

Histogram ? slopes ? 'profil' of waves ?

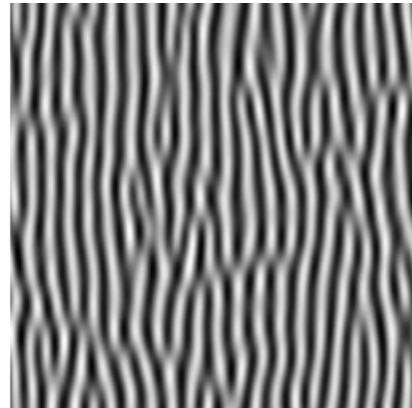
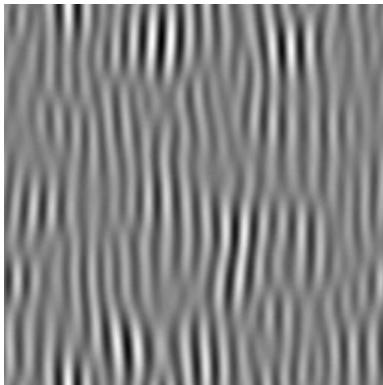
Sparse convolution vs Gabor

Props = globally, or in each sub-window (i.e. uniform) ?

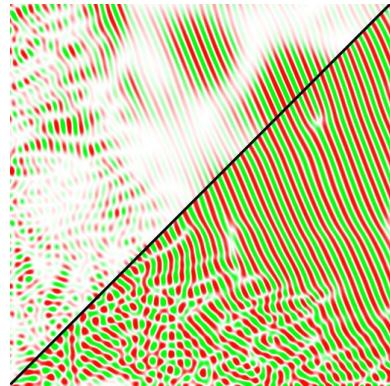
Spectrum prop implies (often) not what you think :-)

Which controls (for constraints, modulation) ?

Fourier (including Gabor) always gives this : not this :



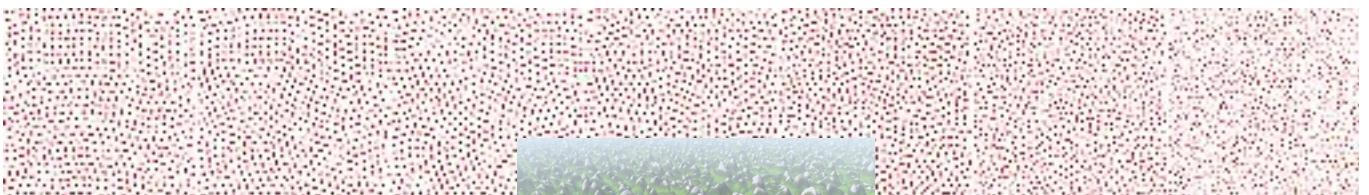
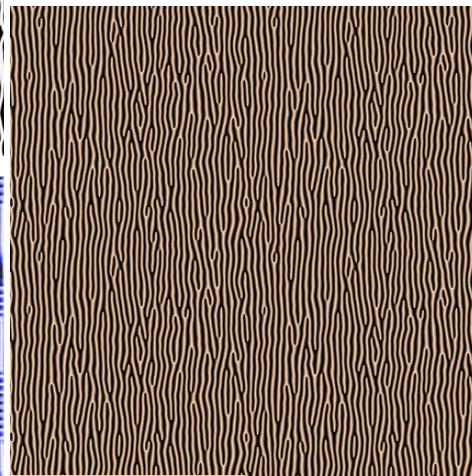
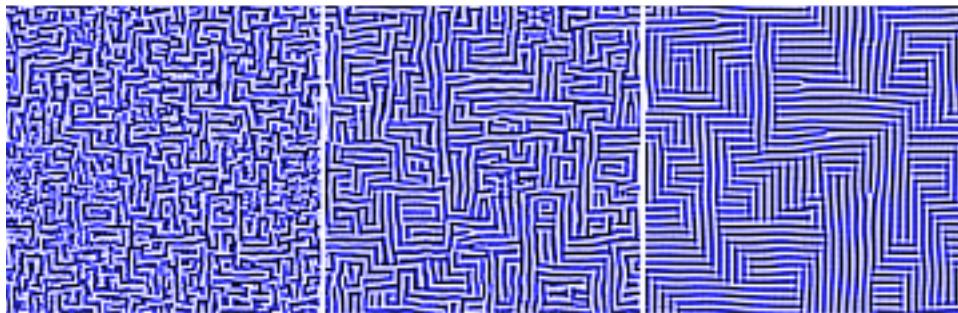
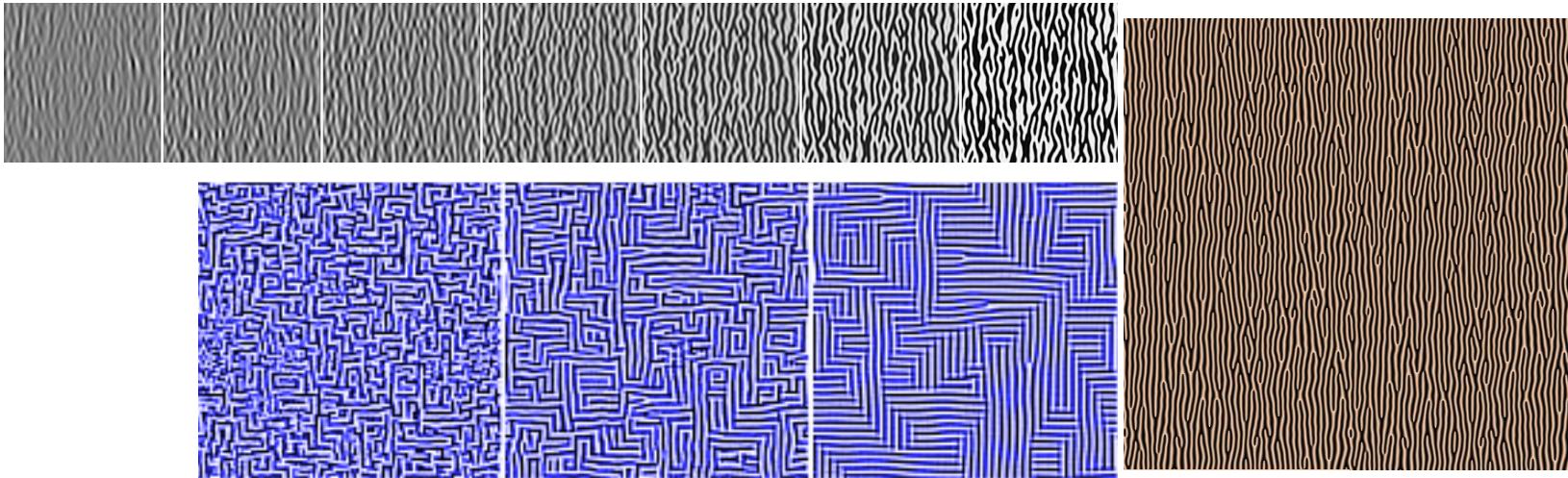
Bad for LUT :



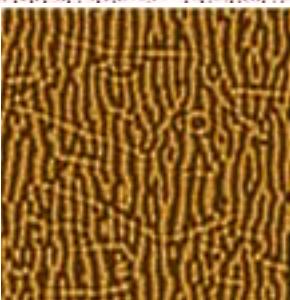
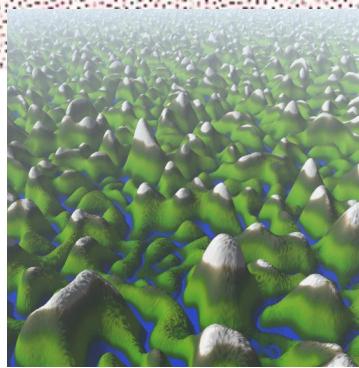
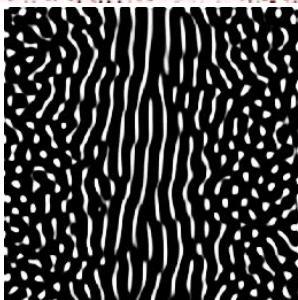
Challenges :

- Make criterions of different worlds talk together / add handles
- Controlling spectrum AND histogram/normalization
- Bridging between the look of different synthesis algorithms
- Understanding what is a texture :-)

→ my current research work around Gabor / Fourier / variance spectrum



early
results...



Blending, interpolating, synthesizing textures

